Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2017

and Independent Auditors' Report



J. H. A. Davies, CPA, CA** Jeff Gorman, CPA, CA** Kirby L. Drury, CPA, CA** Spencer Beaulieu, CPA, CA** Ryan Lupien, CPA, CA**

*operating as a joint venture **professional corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Riversdale Business Improvement District:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Riversdale Business Improvement District, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2017 and the statements of operations, of changes in net assets and of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNFPO) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Riversdale Business Improvement District as at December 31, 2017 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian ASNFPO.

Chartered Professional Accountants Saskatoon, Saskatchewan

March 8, 2018

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2017

		2017		2016	
<u>ASSETS</u>					
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash Cash - internally restricted Temporary investments (Note 3) Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	\$	155,098 53 40,489 8,476 3,330 207,446	\$	172,297 113 39,993 14,249 4,968 231,620	
CAPITAL ASSETS (Note 4)		5,962		1,957	
	\$	213,408	\$	233,577	
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS					
CURRENT LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue	\$	852	\$	231 35,900	
		852		36,131	
NET ASSETS:					
General fund		212,503 53		197,333 113	
Internally restricted fund	-	212,556	-	197,446	
	1.	_ 12,000		.0.1.10	*6
	\$	213,408	\$	233,577	

Approved by the Board:

Director

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		2017		2016
REVENUE:			1	
Business tax levy	\$	173,772	\$	167,120
Grant - parking		35,900		35,900
Grant - other		12,767		11,546
Events		26,645		19,231
Interest income		2,091	·	1,811
	_	251,175	_	235,608
EXPENDITURES:				
Advertising and promotion		20,658		9,698
Amortization		879		847
Bank charges and interest		383		465
Board meetings and education		2,579		3,166
Continuing education		1,280		1,596
Events expense		33,119		39,213
Insurance		3,830		2,884
Memberships and dues		2,392		1,365
Office expenses		4,670		3,693
Professional fees		7,799		7,323
Rent		5,400		5,400
Repairs and maintenance		1,217		1,496
Telephone		3,147		3,603
Travel and conventions		12,364		11,090
Wages and salaries		136,348		130,797
	-	236,065	-	222,636
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER ITEM		15,110		12,972
OTHER ITEM - Gain on sale of capital assets				1,207
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	15,110	\$	14,179

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Ger	neral fund	re	ternally stricted assets		2017	2016
Net assets, beginning of the year	\$	197,333	\$	113	\$	197,446	\$ 183,267
Excess of revenue over expenditures		15,170		(60)	_	15,110	14,179
Net assets, end of the year	\$	212,503	\$	53	\$	212,556	\$ 197,446

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		2017		2016	
CASH FLOWS FROM (TO) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Excess of revenue over expenditures Amortization Loss on sale of property and equipment	\$	15,110 879	\$	14,179 847 (1,207)	
Change in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue		5,773 1,638 621 (35,900)		5,646 (3,669) (1,488) 35,900	
	_	(11,879)		50,208	
CASH FLOWS FROM (TO) CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS: Acquisition of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets		(4,884) - (4,884)	_	1,500 1,500	
CHANGE IN CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS DURING THE YEAR		(16,763)		51,708	
CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		212,403	11.	160,695	
CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS AT END OF THE YEAR	\$	195,640	\$	212,403	
CASH CONSISTS OF: Cash Cash - internally restricted Temporary investments	\$	155,098 53 40,489	\$	172,297 113 39,993	
	\$	195,640	\$	212,403	
			(S)		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS:

Riversdale Business Improvement District is an unincorporated entity set up to revitalize the business district in the Riversdale area of Saskatoon, Saskatchewan. The District's mission statement is as follows: to provide a mutually-beneficial business environment for participating members in the Riversdale Business Improvement District by promoting area development and celebrating our uniqueness and cultural diversity.

No provision for income taxes has been made in these financial statements as the entity is a not-for-profit organization. To the extent the District maintains its not-for-profit status, no income taxes will be payable.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and include the following significant accounting policies:

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. The District provides for amortization using the declining balance method at rates designed to amortize the cost of property and equipment over their estimated useful lives. The annual amortization rates are as follows:

Office equipment	20%
Office furniture and fixtures	20%
Computer equipment	45%
Maintenance equipment	20%

Temporary Investments

Temporary investments consists of term deposits. The District follows the cost method of accounting for its investments, written down for any impairment in value that is considered other than temporary.

Revenue Recognition

The District follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions, which include grants and surtaxes. Contributions are recognized in the accounts when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is assured. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when initially recorded in the accounts. Externally restricted contributions are deferred when initially recorded in the accounts and recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenditures are recognized. Interest income or expense on restricted cash is recorded as a direct increase or decrease to internally restricted net assets.

Financial Instruments

Measurement of Financial Instruments

The District initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value.

The District subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of operations.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash and restricted cash, temporary investments and accounts receivable.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued:

Financial Instruments - continued

Impairment

Financial assets measured at cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. The amount of the write-down is recognized in the statement of operations. The previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement, directly or by adjusting the allowance account, provided it is no greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in the statement of operations.

Measurement Uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Assumptions underlying deferred cost valuations are limited by the availability of reliable comparable data and the uncertainty concerning future events.

By nature, asset valuations are subjective and do not necessarily result in precise determinations. Should underlying assumptions change, the estimated net recoverable amount could change by a material amount.

3. TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS:

	2017	2016
Term #2, non-redeemable at 1.15% interest Term #5, non-redeemable at 1.10% interest	\$ 28,192 12,297	\$ 27,830 12,163
	\$ 40,489	\$ 39,993

4. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT:

2016
917
-
-
1,040
1,957
100

5. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE:

The District's principal sources of revenue consist of grants and an allocation of property taxes from the City of Saskatoon. The city levies a surtax on property taxes based upon the District's budget for the following year. The District is dependent upon the city for the collection and transfer of this revenue.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS:

The District, as part of its operations, carries financial instruments. It is management's opinion that the District is not exposed to significant interest, currency, credit, liquidity or other price risks arising from these financial instruments except as follows:

Credit Risk

The District is exposed to credit risk in connection with its accounts receivable because of the risk that one party to the financial instrument may cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. At year end, accounts receivable is substantially all due from the City of Saskatoon.

Interest Rate Risk

The District is exposed to interest rate risk on the term deposits, that have interest rates of 1.10% to 1.15%.

7. COMPARATIVE FIGURES:

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.