

April 23, 2018

Janelle Arendt, MPAcc, CPA, CA Financial Analyst City of Saskatoon 222 3rd Avenue N Saskatoon, SK S7K oJ5

Dear Ms. Arendt,

Re: 2017 Downtown Saskatoon Financial Statements

Please find attached the 2017 Financial Statements for Downtown Saskatoon.

As noted in the financial statements, we ended the year with an excess of revenue over expenditures in our general fund. The reason for this is primarily attributed to salary savings over the course of the year due to position vacancies as a result of maternity leave and reorganization.

The Downtown Saskatoon Board of Directors is in the planning process for how best to allocate these funds for strategic projects in 2018.

Sincerely,

Brent Penner Executive Director

DOWNTOWN SASKATOON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017





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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Downtown Saskatoon

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Downtown Saskatoon, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2017, and the statement of operations, statement of changes in net assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the organization's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued)

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Downtown Saskatoon as at December 31, 2017, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

SASKATOON, SASKATCHEWAN

Buchberger Baerg & Partners LLP

April 10, 2018

Chartered Professional Accountants

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	DECE	MB	ER 31, 201	<u>17</u>	Externally		Internally				
	_	Gei	neral fund	resi	tricted fund	rest			2017		2016
		ASS	SETS								
Current assets Cash Accounts receivable		\$	473,259 38,484	\$	3€);	\$	200,000	\$	673,259 38,484	\$	602,821 40,490
Prepaid expenses Interfund receivable		0	11,620	<u>.</u>	135,311 135,311	-	200,000	-	11,620	3 5 - 3	9,793
Capital assets (Note 3)		s_	78,176 601,539	\$	27,136 162,447	s _	200,000	s _	105,313 828,676	s _	114,789 767,893
	LI	ABI	LITIES								
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 4) Deferred revenue Interfund payable		\$	41,377 - 135,311 176,688	\$	37,500 - 37,500	\$		\$	41,378 37,500 - 78,878	\$	24,495 69,483 - 93,978
Commitments (Note 7)											
General fund Internally restricted fund Externally restricted fund See accompanying notes	<u>N</u>	ET A	424,851 - 424,851 601,539	\$	124,947 124,947 162,447	\$ _	200,000 - 200,000 200,000	\$_	424,851 200,000 124,947 749,798 828,676	- \$_	355,299 200,000 118,616 673,915 767,893
Approved on behalf of the members											
Director	Director										

<u>DOWNTOWN SASKATOON</u>

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Ger	neral fund		Externally ricted fund		Internally icted fund		2017		2016
Revenue										
Business tax levy	\$	700,885	\$	40	\$	=	\$	700,885	\$	602,461
City of Saskatoon grant		196		438,000		<u>=</u>		438,000		403,000
Parking grant		35,900		2 0				35,900		35,900
Other grant revenue (Note 6)		12,218		#		=		12,218		17,120
Event revenues		21,100		₩.		=		21,100		18,450
Investment and other earnings		13,599				=		13,599		19,047
Street maintenance	_	25,500	_		_			25,500	-	27,895
	-	809,202	-	438,000	_	<u> </u>		1,247,202		1,123,873
Expenditures										
Amortization		17,044		8,426		2.1		25,470		33,376
Events		32,497		-,				32,496		31,779
Marketing		67,723		.=:		a .		67,723		65,071
Board meetings		6,451		: €0		*		6,451		6,909
Office and administration (Note 5)		115,967		57,912		=		173,881		151,968
Research and education		12,621		8,002		9		20,623		16,807
Street cleaning		192,690		13		2		192,702		178,828
Wages and salaries		294,657		357,316		<u> </u>		651,973		587,588
	7	739,650		431,669				1,171,319		1,072,326
Excess of revenue over expenditures before other items		69,552		6,331		-		75,883		51,547
Rebranding expenses				.		-		(-)		(40,827)
Loss on disposal of capital assets		-		(4)	_			:=:	2	(641)
			-		_		9	9#1	-	(41,468)
Excess of revenue over expenditures	\$_	69,552	\$_	6,331	\$ _	<u> </u>	\$.	75,883	\$_	10,079

See accompanying notes

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Ge	neral fund		Externally ricted fund	rest	Internally ricted fund		Total 2017		Γotal 2016
Net assets, beginning of year Excess of revenue over expenditures	\$	355,299 69,552	\$	118,616 6,331	\$_	200,000	\$	673,915 75,883	\$	663,837 10,079
Net assets, end of year	S _	424,851	\$_	124,947	\$_	200,000	S _	749,798	s _	673,916

See accompanying notes

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	_	2017		2016
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities				
Excess of revenue over expenditures	\$	75,883	\$	10,079
Items not affecting cash	•	,		,
Amortization		25,470		33,376
Loss on disposal of capital assets		25,470		641
·		2,50		041
Net change in non-cash working capital items		2 006		(1.670)
Accounts receivable		2,006		(1,670)
Prepaid expenses		(1,827)		(987)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		16,882		(126,118)
Deferred revenue		(31,983)		69,483
		86,431		(15,196)
Cash flows used in investing activities				
Purchase of capital assets		(15,993)		(40,174)
<u> </u>		(13,993)		
Proceeds on disposal of capital assets	-		_	2,600
	_	(15,993)	_	(37,574)
Net increase (decrease) in cash in the year		70,438		(52,770)
Cash, beginning of year	_	602,821	_	655,591
Cash, end of year	\$_	673,259	\$ _	602,821

See accompanying notes

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

1. Nature of operations

Downtown Saskatoon (the "organization") is a non-profit organization established through the Bylaws of the City of Saskatoon. The organization's mandate is to make the downtown core a better place to live, work, shop, visit, play and invest. The organization is exempt from income taxes under Section 149 of the Income Tax Act.

The organization entered into a Memorandum of Agreement with the City of Saskatoon to deliver and manage the Community Support Program (CSO Program). The purpose of the CSO Program is to deploy community support officers who will endeavour to address the community issues in the area of the downtown core. During the year ended December 31, 2015, the organization signed another Memorandum of Agreement with the City of Saskatoon to extend the CSO Program to December 31, 2018.

2. Significant accounting policies

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations. The significant policies are detailed as follows:

Fund accounting

The organization follows the principles of fund accounting.

The general fund accounts for the general operations and events of the organization. Unrestricted contributions and restricted contributions to be used for operations are reported in this fund.

The externally restricted fund accounts for the operations of the CSO program.

An interfund receivable and payable represents amounts received in the general fund for expenses not yet incurred in the externally restricted fund.

The internally restricted fund is established for the purposes of maintaining a reserve for future uncertain expenditures. The balances in the internally restricted fund are not available for any purpose without the authorization of the Board of Directors.

Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost, less accumulated amortization. The organization provides for amortization using the straight-line method at rates designed to amortize the cost of the capital assets over their estimated useful lives. The annual amortization rates are as follows:

Computer equipment	45%
Database	20%
Leasehold improvements	20%
Office equipment	20%
Banners and outdoor signage	33%
Vehicles	30%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Impairment of long-lived assets

Long-lived assets, which comprise capital assets, are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. Recoverability is assessed by comparing the carrying amount to the projected undiscounted future net cash flows the long-lived assets are expected to generate through their direct use and eventual disposition. When a test for impairment indicates that the carrying amount of an asset is not recoverable, an impairment loss is recognized to the extent carrying value exceeds its fair value.

Revenue recognition

The organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions, which includes grants and donations. Contributions of capital assets are included as deferred contributions and capital assets.

Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Endowment contributions are recognized as direct increases in net assets.

Investment and other income is recognized as earned.

Donated material and services

The work of the organization is dependent on a substantial number of individuals that have made significant contributions of their time to the organization. The value of the contributed time is not reflected in these financial statements.

Financial instruments

The organization initially records a financial instrument at its fair value, except for a related party transaction, which is recorded at the carrying or exchange amount depending on the circumstances.

Transaction costs are recognized in excess of revenues over expenditures in the period incurred. However, transaction costs associated with financial instruments carried at cost or amortized cost are recorded as adjustments to the initial fair value recognized and amortized over the expected life of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortized cost include cash, accounts receivable, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

When there is an indication of impairment and such impairment is determined to have occurred, the carrying amount of financial assets measured at amortized cost is reduced to the greater of the discounted future cash flows expected, the proceeds that could be realized from the sale of the financial asset, or the amount that could be realized by exercising the right to any collateral held to secure repayment of the asset. Such impairments can be subsequently reversed to the extent that the improvement can be related to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. By their nature, these estimates are subject to measurement uncertainty. The effect of changes in such estimates on the financial statements in future periods could be significant. Accounts specifically affected by estimates in these financial statements are the useful lives of capital assets and related amortization.

3. Capital assets

	_	Cost		Cost		cumulated nortization	_	Total 2017		Total 2016
General fund										
Computer equipment	\$	23,035	\$	22,557	\$	478	\$	1,139		
Leasehold improvements		18,555		18,217		338		1000		
Office equipment		46,217		31,521		14,696		12,999		
Banners and outdoor signage		91,641		80,557		11,084		16,400		
Vehicles		74,783	_	23,202	_	51,581		57,569		
		254,231		176,054		78,177		88,107		
Externally restricted fund										
Computer equipment		4,427		4,427		(E)		251		
Database		8,880		889		7,991		-		
Leasehold improvements		25,671		25,671		-		4,007		
Office equipment		11,949		11,337		612		1,739		
Vehicles	-	23,913		5,380	- 2	18,533	7_	20,685		
		74,840		47,704		27,136		26,682		
Total capital assets	\$_	329,071	\$_	223,758	\$_	105,313	\$_	114,789		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

4. Government remittances

Government remittances as at year end were \$6,245 (2016 - \$4,635) related to sales tax remittances, and are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

5. Related party transactions

During the year, the company paid research costs of \$11,300 (2016 - \$0) to Fast Consulting, which is controlled by a board member. These expenses are recorded in office and administration expense.

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

6. Operating grants

During the year, the organization received grants from the Government of Canada for Canada Summer Jobs in the amount of \$7,718 (2016 - \$15,120), and a sponsorship from Tourism Saskatoon for \$2,500 (2016 - \$nil). The organization also received a Graffiti Removal Grant from the City of Saskatoon in the amount of \$2,000 (2016 - \$2,000).

7. Commitments

The organization has entered into a lease agreement for office space ending April 30, 2023. Minimum annual lease payments for the next five years under this operating lease with a third party is as follows:

2018	\$ 63,645
2019	56,145
2020	56,145
2021	57,524
2022	58,214

8. Economic dependence

The organization receives a significant portion of its funding from the City of Saskatoon through a special levy on property assessments from the businesses located in the downtown district. The organization's ability to continue its viable operations is dependent upon maintaining that funding.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

9. Financial instruments

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The organization's main credit risk relates to its accounts receivable, however, this risk is mitigated by the fact that all or nearly all of the amounts in this account are receivable from a government agency.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the organization will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial instruments. The organization's approach is to establish an internally restricted fund whose purpose is to ensure it maintains an amount sufficient to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed circumstances.

10. Comparative figures

The financial statements have been reclassified, where applicable, to conform to the new presentation required by the City of Saskatoon. The changes do not affect prior year net assets.