

Municipal Motions on the UN Declaration:

1. (1) Vancouver, BC (February 26, 2013)

“ ...

B. THAT the City of Vancouver state its support for the UN Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples.

...”

(2) Vancouver, BC (March 9, 2021)

“ ...

THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED THAT Council aspires to implement the UN Declaration on the Rights on Indigenous Peoples (UNDRIP) at a local government level in the City of Vancouver, and recognizes the implementation of the UN Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples as the minimum standard for the survival, dignity, well-being and rights of the Indigenous peoples;

FURTHER THAT Council establish a Type D Advisory Committee, referred to as a “Task Force on Implementing UNDRIP in the City of Vancouver” to provide advice to the Mayor and Council, with the terms of reference attached as Appendix A;

AND FURTHER THAT Council direct staff to see Provincial and Federal participation and support for this work, and to align Vancouver’s efforts to implement UNDRIP with existing provincial law and emerging federal legislation.”

2. Toronto, ON (November 13, 2015)

The City adopted the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples (UNDRIP) as part of the City’s year-long proclamation on Truth and Reconciliation 2013-2014. No specific motion found.

3. Yellowknife, NWT (October 26, 2015)

“That Council adopt the following recommendations on how to move forward on the actions recommended by the *Truth and Reconciliation Commission of Canada: Calls to Action*:

Article 43: Adopt the *United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples*

...

Article 57: That funding be identified for the provision of skill-based training for all City staff to undergo that will provide a learning experience on the history of Aboriginal peoples related to residential school; UN Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples; Treaties and Aboriginal Rights, Indigenous Law; and, Aboriginal-Crown relations.

...”

4. Surrey, BC (September 11, 2017)

“ ...

2. Endorse the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples, included as Appendix “I,” as the framework for the City to use in its on-going process of reconciliation with local First Nations and urban Indigenous peoples in Surrey.”

5. St. John’s, NFLD (September 21, 2020)

“...*the City of St. John’s hereby declares its commitment to:*

- Support and promote the implementation of the Calls to Action of the Truth and Reconciliation Commission of Canada (TRC), the Calls for Justice of the National Inquiry into Missing and Murdered Indigenous Women and Girls (MMIWG), and the United Nations Declaration on the Rights on Indigenous Peoples (UNDRIP);

...”

6. Gibson, BC (April 6, 2021)

“THAT the report titled United Nations Declaration on the Rights on Indigenous Peoples (UNDRIP) be received;

AND THAT Council adopt and implement the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples (UNDRIP) as recommended in the *Truth and Reconciliation Commission of Canada: Calls to Action Report*, pledging to use it as the framework for indigenous reconciliation.

AND FURTHER THAT Council direct staff to bring back a Policy reflecting Council’s goals and objectives for the implementation of UNDRIP.”