The Solid Waste Reduction and Diversion Action Summary

The following excerpt is from the Action Plan, Appendix B of the *Solid Waste Reduction* and *Diversion Plan* (the Plan). It shows the: in-progress, short, medium and long-term initiatives, actions, and projected environmental benefits.

In Progress

In Progress		
Initiative	Key Actions	Details
Residential curbside organics	 Complete organics processing procurement. Develop capital purchase plan. Develop implementation, education and communications plan. 	Implementation: 2023 Diversion: 15,000 (8%+)–22,000 (12%+) tonnes per year GHG reduction: 12,000–17,000 tonnes CO ₂ e per year
Requirements for businesses and organizations (ICI) to divert recyclables and organics	 Waste Bylaw update. Develop education resources. Communication and phase-in of requirements. 	Implementation: 2022–2024 Diversion: 5,400 tonnes per year (City landfill) 38,000 tonnes per year (private landfills) GHG reduction: 38,000 tonnes CO ₂ e per year
Recovery Park	 Develop materials business plan. Develop site operations plan. Construction and site commissioning. 	Implementation: 2023 Diversion: 5,000 (4%)–17,000 (13%) tonnes per year GHG reduction: 8,400 tonnes CO ₂ e per year
Recycling depots: immediate safety/contaminati on improvements	 Identify options for safety and contamination improvements at Recycling Depots Provide City Council with a service recommendation. 	Alleviate safety and contamination concerns until the Recycling Depot review is complete.
Provincial household hazardous waste regulation	 Monitor and actively participate in implementation of the provincial regulation. 	Prepare for the launch of provincial stewardship program in 2021. Collaborate with stewards on a permanent depot at Recovery Park.
Requirements for storage and safe collection of waste at multi-unit buildings	Finalize "Waste Collection Design Guidelines for Residential Developments" document.	Provide clear service guidelines to multi-unit developments.
Vertical landfill gas well installation	Procurement and construction.	GHG reduction: 25,000 tonnes CO ₂ e per year for 10-20 years.

Short Term (2021-2023)

Action	Next Steps	Outcome
Accessible curbside collections program	Initiate a project to explore the feasibility of alternatives to expand and alter the existing Special Needs Garbage Collection Service.	Ensure equitable access to curbside solid waste collection services for residents.
	Provide City Council with a service recommendation.	
Business and organization waste diversion regulation	Conduct an operational analysis and needs identification for City facilities to comply with the	Diversion: negligible, as many facilities currently recycle.
compliance	incoming regulation. Collaborate with Facilities Management to develop a	Demonstrate leadership and ensure compliance with the mandatory recycling requirement for the ICI sector.
	business plan to deliver recycling and organics services at City facilities.	GHG reduction: 431-980 tonnes CO2e per year
Emergency waste management and recycling strategy	Review disaster debris management and operations plans from other jurisdictions.	Ensure equipment, infrastructure, and plans exist to handle influx of waste and service continuation during emergencies such as extreme weather
	Build on work completed as part of COVID-19 response.	events or pandemics.
Compost depot program review	Understand the impact of new programs and city growth on service levels.	Determine the role of compost depots in future waste management services
	Engage with users.	
	Provide City Council with a service recommendation.	
Mandatory residential multi-unit	Complete "Multi-Unit Residential Proposed Changes to Waste	Diversion: 600 (0.5%)–900 (1%) tonnes per year
organics	Management" reporting in late 2020 or early 2021 with multi-unit organics options and recommendation.	GHG reduction: 431–980 tonnes CO ₂ e per year
Construction and demolition waste	Short-term: develop business case for engagement and	Diversion: 700 (0.7%)–1,200 (1.3%) tonnes per year
diversion: City of Saskatoon options	research.	GHG reduction: TBD
•	Medium-term: Implementation	Support the success of Recovery Park
	Align with Recovery Park operation.	Approximately 17,000 tonnes of C&D material were buried in the Landfill in 2019.

Recycling market development for Recovery Park	Develop a business case to resource engagement and research. Consider opportunities as part of Recovery Park (ex. bulky waste). Assess community partnership and social enterprise opportunities.	Provide partnerships and incentives to recycle difficult material. Prepare a Civic Re-use Policy to support the beneficial re-use of materials diverted at Recovery Park in civic projects and operations, such as concrete, asphalt shingles, glass, porcelain, compost, and wood waste.
Disposal ban at the Saskatoon Landfill	Short-term: develop a business case to resource engagement and research. Provide City Council with a service recommendation. Medium-term: Implementation Develop an approach for a disposal ban at the Saskatoon Landfill for any materials where diversion opportunities are in place for all sectors.	Diversion: 2,500 (3%)–5,000 (5%) tonnes per year GHG reduction: 1,500–3,000 tonnes CO2e per year Encourage similar landfill bans at a regional level by working with other landfills operating in the region and the provincial government.
Recycling depot program review	Short-term: develop a business case to resource engagement and research. Understand the impact of new programs and city growth on service levels. Provide City Council with a service recommendation.	Determine the role of recycling depots in future waste management services.
Waste reduction through procurement and specifications	Support waste reduction and diversion in sustainable procurement through the implementation of the Triple Bottom Line policy.	Influence waste reduction and recycling markets through procurement policies.
Federal single-use plastic ban and performance standards for plastics	Participate in federal engagement opportunities. Consider impacts of ban and performance standards for plastics on waste management services.	Understand the impacts of the Federal Governments 2021 single-use plastic ban and new performance standards for plastics on waste management programs.
Provincial stewardship program review	Actively seek opportunities to participate in the review of provincial programs, beginning with the Multi-Material Recycling Program which dedicates funding for residential recycling.	Ensure the City of Saskatoon provides input on the future of residential recycling. Understand the service impacts of any changes.

Medium-term (2024-2025)

Actions	Next Steps	Outcome
Long-term waste management service and sustainability plan	Build on Compost depot and Recycling Depot reviews. Explore future disposal needs, including alternate/additional waste handling/transfer stations. Explore comprehensive modeling which integrates the financial impacts of all recycling/diversion programs.	A clear understanding of the impacts waste diversion and population growth will have on the landfill capacity, revenue and related infrastructure.
Residential waste cart technology	Monitor technological developments in pay per tip garbage collection in other jurisdictions. Asses if a pilot project is required in Saskatoon.	Determine the ability of cart collection tracking by household.
Special/bulky waste program for collection, recycling and disposal	Investigate service options to reduce illegally dumped waste and/or implement a pilot program at hot spots, such as the recycling depot.	Diversion: 500 (0.5%)–1,000 (1%) tonnes per year GHG reduction: material type not available in model Reduction in illegal dumping.
Construction and demolition waste diversion: community options	Research best practices for construction and demolition waste diversion policies and programs. Align with the services available at Recovery Park.	Diversion: 700 (0.7%)–1,200 (1.3%) tonnes per year Approximately 17,000 tonnes of C&D material were buried in the Landfill in 2019.
Public space and event waste reduction	Develop business case to resource engagement and research.	Require festivals and events that occur on City property to meet waste diversion criteria.
Food waste reduction program	Align with development of a City Food Policy. Support federal, provincial and community initiatives. Develop a business case to pilot a program to redirect edible food waste.	Reduce food waste. Redirect edible food to support people in our community. Divert unavoidable food waste.

2024 Waste Characterization Study	Procure a comprehensive waste characterization study to determine the initial impact of new programs.	Understand Saskatoon's residential waste composition after the implementation of Curbside Organics and Recovery Park. Identify education opportunities and challenges and future waste diversion options.
2025 Waste Reduction and Diversion Plan Update	Identify and prioritize waste management actions for 2026 - 2030 with an increased focus on reduce and reuse following the establishment of core diversion services.	Updated Solid Waste Reduction & Diversion Plan.

Long-term (2026+)

Actions	Next Steps	Outcome
Share, reuse, and repair program	Explore opportunities for research partnership.	Improve waste reduction by increasing the longevity of items in use.
	Support federal, provincial and community initiatives.	
Textile and apparel reduction and recycling program	Identify research or community partnership opportunities.	Diversion: 45 (0.04%)–90 (0.08%) tonnes per year
recycling program	Support federal, provincial and community initiatives.	GHG reduction: material type not available in model.
Economic incentive tools to support reduction and diversion	Pilot, research, and develop options for economic incentives to improve residential reduction and diversion such as pay-per-tip for waste.	Diversion: 5,000 (5%)–16,000 (17%) tonnes per year
		GHG reduction: 3,000–10,000 tonnes CO2e per year
Landfill closure and replacement plan	Review results of the long-term waste management service and sustainability plan.	A plan to provide garbage disposal once the Saskatoon Landfill reaches capacity.
	Explore options for waste to energy after reduction and diversion options have been exhausted and a firm date is established for Landfill closure.	Promote innovation by exploring alternative waste processing opportunities.